

Notice pdf - Hypersonic missile nonproliferation

Type de contenu : Texte

Type de médiation : sans médiation

Type de support : Volume

Titre(s) : Hypersonic missile nonproliferation : hindering the spread of a new class of weapons / Richard H. Speier, George Nacouzi, Carrie A. Lee,... [et al.]

Autre(s) responsabilité(s) : Rand corporation - Éditeur scientifique

Publication : Santa Monica (Calif.) : Rand corporation

Description matérielle : 1 vol. (XIX-133 pages) : ill., cartes, graph., fotogr. ; 23 cm

Collection : [Research report] RR-2137-CC

ISBN : 978-0-8330-9916-7
0-8330-9916-7

EAN : 9780833099167 br.

Appartient à la collection : [Research report] RR-2137-CC

Classification décimale Dewey : 327.174

Note(s) : La p. de titre porte en plus : "Sponsored by the Carnegie corporation" et "Rand national security research Division."
"RR-2137-CC"

Note sur la description bibliographique : Consultable à l'adresse

Note sur les bibliographies et les index : Bibliographie pages 117-133

Note sur le contenu : Introduction: What This Report Addresses Strategic Consequences of Hypersonic Missile Proliferation Ongoing Hypersonic Technology Proliferation Hindering Hypersonic Missile Proliferation Conclusions Appendix A: The Hypersonic Flight Regime Appendix B: Survey of Foreign Hypersonic Activity Appendix C: Technical and Economic Barriers to Hypersonic Systems Development Appendix D: Suggested Export Control List for Hypersonic Technologies

Résumé ou extrait : Présentation de l'éditeur : "Hypersonic missile - specifically hypersonic glide vehicles and hypersonic cruise missile - are a new class of threat because they are capable both of maneuvering

and of flying faster than 5,000 kilometers per hour. These features enable such missiles to penetrate most missile defenses and to further compress the timelines for a response by a nation under attack. Hypersonic missiles are being developed by the United States, Russia, and China. Their proliferation beyond these three could result in other powers setting their strategic forces on hair-trigger states of readiness. And such proliferation could enable other powers to more credibly threaten attacks on major powers. The diffusion of hypersonic technology is under way in Europe, Japan, Australia, and India - with other nations beginning to explore such technology. Proliferation could cross multiple borders if hypersonic technology is offered on world markets. There is probably less than a decade available to substantially hinder the potential proliferation of hypersonic missiles and associated technologies. To this end, the report recommends that (1) the United States, Russia, and China should agree not to export complete hypersonic missile systems or their major components and (2) the broader international community should establish controls on a wider range of hypersonic missile hardware and technology."

Sujet - Nom commun : Missiles balistiques

Défense antimissile balistique

Non-prolifération nucléaire

Armement -- Contrôle

Sécurité internationale -- 1990-2020